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TORREON FELL AT 10.20 LAST NIGHT

Notes of Victory Sounded by Bugler in Front of the Residence of Carranza at Juarez

CAPTURE COMPLETED BY STORMING TRENCHES

Bulletins Received at Juarez Announce Capture of Large Number of Prisoners While Remnant of Federal Army is Being Pursued—Villa Regrets Escape of Gen. Velasco Wounded Soldiers at Chihuahua Tell of Blunders at Gomez Palacio—Say That Rebels Fired Upon Their Own Men—United States Consular Agent Arrested for Passing Counterfeit Money—Juarez Citizens Celebrate.

Juarez, April 2.—Torreón fell completely into the hands of the rebels at 10.20 o'clock tonight, according to announcement made here tonight by General V. Carranza.

Bugler Sounds Notes of Victory.
The news was first announced to the world when the bugler in front of Carranza's residence blew the staccato notes of victory. The paen, Carranza said, was sounded here even before the rebels had taken the city. The bugler was heard in Torreón, Villa delaying out of compliment to his chief.

Many Prisoners Captured.
The meagre bulletin excitedly announcing victory after the bloodiest series of battles known to modern Mexico said that Villa captured a large number of prisoners and that the fleeing federal remnant was being pursued.

Rebels Storm Trenches.
There was heavy fighting today, it is understood, and the end came when, after capturing the three remaining barracks held by the federal forces, the rebels stormed the trenches and barbed wire entanglements of Canon de Chichu.

Prisoners Were Defending Barracks.
The prisoners captured are believed to have been the defenders of the barracks while the troops in the canyon which gives access from the hill-city were able to surround them.

Campaign Waged Two Weeks.
The campaign against the federal stronghold of Torreón, the main object of the rebel campaign, began suddenly two weeks ago after General Villa had spent months in making the most careful preparations.

The rebel loss in this campaign is said to be well over 3,000 in killed and wounded. Trains loaded with the latter have been arriving at Chihuahua for the last week.

The rebel commander moved with a rapidity hitherto unknown in Mexican warfare. He captured the city in a single day and sent his troops against the enemy.

Small Towns Fell First.
A number of small towns of lesser importance in a military sense, fell first. Mapimi, Nacozari, and Sacramento, where a bloody battle was fought. This opened a path for the main attack.

Next came Lerdo and Gomez Palacio, populous suburbs of Torreón, connected by a belt street car line. Lerdo was not defended, but it took three main assaults in which the rebels lost heavily to take Gomez Palacio.

In the final attack on Torreón, the rebels were withdrawn from Lerdo, whereupon the federal forces occupied it and another sanguinary conflict was necessary to take the city.

Wave of Cheering.
Early in the evening Carranza announced that the status at Torreón remained unchanged.

Then came the bugle call of victory. Mexico's people, in a flash, and the streets became thronged instantly. Out of the saloons and gambling houses, crowds of people gathered in all places where crowds congregated were emptied and the throngs stormed up the street to Carranza's residence.

Repeatedly the bugler sounded the call, and a great wave of cheering arose. The electric light strung about the Carranza residence flashed and welcomed him were turned on, lighting up the draped and festooned red, white and green of the Mexican national colors.

Saloons Ordered Closed.
"Viva Carranza," "Viva Villa," "Viva Madero," "Viva Mexico!" came the shouts of the crowd.

Inside General Carranza's and his confidential advisers were toasting Francisco Villa, the hero of the campaign.

Mayor Padua, realizing some one must be calm, took occasion to order the saloons to close. A hundred pews formed in the streets and marched about shouting and cheering.

Text of Villa's Message.
The translation of the message received by General Carranza from General Villa is as follows:
I have the honor to announce that after eleven days of severe fighting the constitutional army, which I have the honor to command, in its disputed possession of Torreón, the last remnant of the federal army having taken flight this afternoon, I regret to say that General Velasco has escaped with an escort of a few men and is being pursued by my cavalry. My losses will number 1,500 killed and wounded. The federal loss in killed, wounded and prisoners will be fully 12,000.

Celebration at Juarez.
By Carranza's orders all the town was illuminated, series of thearrison paraded and the military band played. The national salute was fired, machine guns and whistles blown.

BLUNDERS OF REBELS.
Fired Upon Their Own Men at Gomez Palacio—Many Killed.
Chihuahua, Mexico, April 2.—Not since the battle began at Torreón has a day passed without the arrival here of a trainload of wounded soldiers from the ranks of General Francisco Villa's army. Today's train brought some of the more seriously wounded, and every car in the city was busy making cots.

From stories told by the wounded it was learned that the first rebel advance on General Velasco's federal garrison in Torreón and Gomez Palacio, the latter a suburb, resulted in a pitiable slaughter of the rebels, in which about 2,000 of them, partly through a

Cabled Paragraphs

Robert Hirschfield Dead.
Cairo, Egypt, April 2.—Robert Hirschfield, the musical composer and director of the Mozarteum School of Music in this city, died today.

Yorkshire Miners Strike.
Leeds, England, April 2.—All the coal miners in Yorkshire, numbering 170,000 had left the pits today, the last of the notices to quit work expired. The men demand the introduction of a minimum wage scale.

James Gordon Bennett Improving.
Cairo, Egypt, April 2.—James Gordon Bennett continued to improve throughout the day and is considered to be progressing favorably. Dr. Kohn, of Paris, an old friend of Mr. Bennett, has arrived and assumed charge of the case.

Austrian Lieutenant Commits Suicide.
Vienna, April 2.—Lieutenant Soltus of the Austrian gendarmarie and one of his men committed suicide today in consequence of a discovery that they and a number of other officers and men have been accepting bribes from the proprietor of an emigration agency at Przemyel, in Galicia.

LOSS OF \$50,000 BY FIRE AT ST. AUGUSTINE

Five Hotels and Courthouse Among Buildings Destroyed.

St. Augustine, Fla., April 2.—Historic St. Augustine, the oldest city in the United States, today was swept by a half million dollar fire that destroyed five tourists' hotels and burned records and curios dating back to the days of Spanish rule in the sixteenth century. Two persons were seriously injured.

Guests in the hotels fled into the streets before day, many leaving valuables and personal belongings behind. Several escaped, clad only in their nightgowns.

Rescue work by the employees of the Florida house, where the fire originated, is believed to have saved many lives.

Notwithstanding efforts of the Florida house employees, about 200 guests who were in the hotel at the time were rescued by firemen with ladders. Although all persons remaining in the building were warned not to jump, firemen were unable to prevent them from doing so.

Two persons from leaping from the second floor of the Florida house to the ground were killed.

They were Miss Alice C. Smith of Amherst, Nova Scotia, and W. F. Giddings of Granby, Quebec. Miss Smith sustained an arm fracture, and Giddings, her condition tonight was said to be critical. One of Mr. Giddings' wife hurt, but physicians tonight said he would recover. Several other persons received minor injuries.

Commander of the National Guard was called out and formed fire lines to keep the crowds back. Later they guarded the ruins of the burned buildings to prevent looting.

Besides the Florida house, the other hotels destroyed were the Munson hotel, the Hotel de la Florida, the Central hotel and the Atlantic hotel.

The St. Johns county courthouse, which contained many historic records, also was burned. The records, however, were in a safe and are believed to be safe. The Veder house, one of the historic landmarks of the city was destroyed.

Much other property of smaller value was destroyed, including several private residences.

LAWYER FORCED TO MAKE AN APOLOGY
Accused Prosecutor of Coaching Government Witnesses.

New York, April 2.—An accusation by counsel for the defense that the United States attorney, prosecutor, Roger A. Wood, was coaching government witnesses, enlivened the proceedings today in the trial of Simon E. Kusel, a lawyer and Aaron F. Friedman, a clerk in a New Haven (Conn.) furniture store, accused of being parties to a conspiracy to conceal the assets of Bogal and Brass, dealers in leather goods. Frank Moss, a former county district attorney, after making a concluding statement with the withdrawal of his accusation and supplemented this action by giving Mr. Wood a written apology.

The trial of Bogal and Brass became a landmark fifteen months ago. Harry L. Royal and David Brass, partners in a New York City clothing store, were indicted, have testified for the government in the present proceedings. Kusel planned the bankruptcy, according to Royal, who testified that prior to filing the petition most of the firm's stock was shipped to New Haven.

POLICEMAN KILLED BY FATHER OF GANGSTER.
Murderer in Turn Shot Dead by Police Lieutenant.

New York, April 2.—A tragic shooting affair with a double ending, on the upper East Side tonight cost the lives of Joseph Guarneri, an honor man of the city's police department, and William Horgan, a laborer. The latter had concealed himself in a friend's home after shooting down a grand jury witness who had testified against Horgan's son, an alleged gangster. Charles Moser, the elder Horgan's first victim, is an hospital with a bullet wound in his shoulder. Horgan killed Guarneri and was in turn shot dead by a police lieutenant.

Idle Miners Sail for Europe.
Chicago, April 2.—Indiana and Illinois coal miners, most of them natives of Ireland, England and Scotland, will have a vacation in their native lands while the operators and union leaders determine on a new wage agreement. Two hundred miners left here today on a special train for Halifax, N. S., whence they will sail for Europe.

Steamers Reported by Wireless.
Pastnet, April 2.—Steamer Cedric, New York for Queenstown and Liverpool, was reported by wireless at noon. Due Queenstown 3 a. m. Friday.

Brow Head, April 2.—Steamer America, New York for Cherbourg, Southampton and Hamburg, signaled 220 p. m. Friday at 5 a. m. Due Cherbourg 6 p. m. Friday.

Carnegie Creates Pension Fund.
New York, April 2.—Andrew Carnegie has created a new pension fund, of \$100,000 for the benefit of the employees of the Zoological park and the aquarium. The employees will contribute 2 percent of their salaries and through the Carnegie fund the society will be in a position to supply the rest of the pension money.

A Movement to Carried Away Down Roraback on Ice Floes

ALLEGED OBJECT OF MEETINGS SEALING STEAMER LOSES AT LEAST 64 OF CREW.

COL. ULLAM AT HEAD 35 OTHERS PICKED UP

Progressive Expresses Opinion That Latter Intended to Build Machine of His Own—Letter Made Public.

New Haven, Conn., April 2.—A political bombshell was exploded tonight at a meeting of the board of governors of the New Haven Progressive club, when the progressive party, the seals read and authorized for publication a letter written by George A. Romans, of Danbury, a prominent progressive, laying bare the secret history of the recent movement to "purify" republican politics in this state.

There has been speculation as to the real reason is made apparent, through the reading of the letter referred to at the recent meeting in this city, followed by another gathering today, of Governor Everett. Late for the meeting, while the official statements given out from time to time were more or less vague as to the objects, the making public of Mr. Romans' letter.

To Smash Roraback Machine.
In it he said Colonel Isaac M. Ullam, of New Haven, who in his recent retirement was one of the most prominent republican workers in the state, was interested in the movement. Stiles Judson, states attorney for Fairfield county, was invited to a secret conference held in New York with the return of the letter referred to. Ullam was unable to be present. Colonel Ullam is said to have done most of the talking during the meeting.

Colonel Ullam was trying to break down the so-called Roraback machine, which was the work of Dr. Delmar E. Croft, a prominent progressive, was interested in securing the candidacy of former Lieutenant Governor Stiles Judson for governor, according to the letter, and Prentice W. Chase, a New Haven lawyer and progressive, was anxious for the return of the letter referred to. Frank B. Brandegee of New London. Resignations Called For.

It appeared from the letter that Mr. Borglum had little to do with the discussion at the original meeting and Mr. Romans was not in favor of any such thing. The letter, however, stated that the progressive party was moving without the knowledge and consent of the party as a whole.

In action being taken later by the board of governors requesting the resignations of Dr. Croft and Attorney Judson, the letter stated that the progressive party was moving without the knowledge and consent of the party as a whole.

Another Blizzards Arrives.
The wireless of the Bellaventure was working poorly and the messages received from here were somewhat confused. The number of fatalities will be in doubt at least until she reaches here probably tomorrow noon. She has a crew of 150 men and 100 horses.

Temporary Emergency Hospital.
The Grenfell Seamen's Institute has been converted into an emergency hospital. The whole contingent of naval reservists on the British ship Calypso has been ordered out for ambulance duty and coffins are being hurriedly constructed. All the fishermen are from the coast, most of them from Bonaville bay, the home of Captain Kean. His crew included thirty men from fishing settlements in this vicinity.

Sixty-four Reported Dead.
St. John, N. S., April 2.—Sixty-four men and 100 horses of the New-foundland are known to have perished and 87 were rescued, according to a statement authorized by Colonial Secretary Bennett, acting premier, late tonight. The steamer Bellaventure accounted for 58 dead and 26 living, the orphan for one dead and two living, and the Floriz for five dead.

AEOLIAN STRIKERS TO RETURN TO WORK.
Basis of Settlement Reached at Conference in Meriden.

Meriden, Conn., April 2.—Employees of the Aeolian company, manufacturers of performing musical instruments, who went on strike June 24, 1913, accepted tonight a basis of settlement offered by Secretary E. S. Votey of New York. Shortly after the walkout the employees organized the Federal union, a local branch of the American Federation of Labor, and it was this organization which met and accepted unanimously the conditions for returning to work.

A joint committee of the Meriden Board of Trade and the Central Labor union held a conference throughout the afternoon on the counter proposition of the employees. In the evening the terms were explained to the strikers and a vote taken with the above mentioned result. The date of returning to work, with other details, will be worked out by the joint committee and a definite time fixed for the return of all former employees. During the long period of the strike the company has employed Hartford and New Britain people at the local factory.

The strike has been conducted in an orderly and quiet manner by the official negotiators who have been passing back and forth between the company and the former employees for long time. The settlement of the strike will be viewed with great satisfaction by the people of Meriden because at one time it was feared the industry might be lost to the city and because it means the return to work of Meriden employees on satisfactory terms.

Coal Conference in Ohio.
Columbus, Ohio, April 2.—A conference between Ohio coal miners and operators the latter part of next week, was postponed according to a statement made tonight by G. W. Savage, secretary-treasurer of the Ohio miners. He said he thought the referendum being taken among the miners might be concluded by that time. If it is not finished a conference could have no definite results in fixing a wage scale.

Celebrated Her Centennial.
Florence, Italy, April 2.—Mrs. Francesca Alexander, formerly of Boston, wife of Prince Alexander, the artist and author, celebrated her 100th birthday today. Ruskini was their daughter. Mrs. Alexander's books were edited by him.

Steamship Arrivals.
Rotterdam, April 2.—Steamer Kurik, New York for Lianu.
Falmouth, April 2.—Steamer Carmania, New York for Liverpool.

Condensed Telegrams

A Life Saving Station is to be established on Goat Island by the Niagara State Reserve commission.

The Gymnasium of St. Joseph's College at Hensseler, Indiana, was burned yesterday with a loss of \$75,000.

A College Education by correspondence for every prisoner in the Kansas State Penitentiary is contemplated.

Mrs. Mary Pollock, 55 Years Old, was burned to death while preparing breakfast in her home at Gloucester, N. J.

June 30 Was Tentatively Fixed by the United States Express company yesterday, as the time for ceasing its operations.

A Pension Plan for retired ministers was adopted by the New Hampshire conference of the Methodist Episcopal church yesterday.

Six Prisoners Escaped from the jail at Cairo, Ill., yesterday. Among them was W. M. Wilson, sentenced to be hanged on April 24.

Two Thousand Greeks, most of them battle-scarred veterans, of the Balkan wars, arrived in New York yesterday on the steamer Laconia.

Friends of D. V. Purington, of Chicago, received messages yesterday telling of his death in Ocean Springs, Miss., his winter home.

Government Officials Raided a moonshine brandy still in Madison street, Chicago, confiscating thousands of dollars in contraband spirits.

An Old Wallet Containing \$1,000 was kicked around the streets at York, Pa., everybody thinking it was an April fool joke. It was returned to its owner.

The Licenses of Thirty-two reciprocal fire insurance companies were revoked by C. G. Revell, superintendent of insurance in Missouri yesterday.

The Polar Wave Ice Company of St. Louis was declared to be a combination in restraint of trade by the Missouri supreme court yesterday and was fined \$50,000.

H. J. Bruce, a Negro waiter, who was shot at Fort Wayne, Ind., last Friday by Anthony R. Trentman, a wealthy brewer, died yesterday. Trentman is in jail.

Whether the Present Congress has the power to punish a member for misconduct during a session, was debated yesterday by the house judiciary committee.

A Special Message from President Wilson urged appropriation of \$500,000 for government buildings at the St. Francis exposition was read yesterday in the house.

Souvenirs Are to be Sent by the government to George Washington's heirs as the only compensation for land that once belonged to the first president's estate in Ohio.

The Prospect Mills Plant of the American Woolen company at Lawrence, Mass., employing about 200 hands, has resumed operations after a shut down of several months.

The Largest Botanical Gardens maintained by an institution in the United States will be established in the near future in connection with the University of Chicago campus.

Unprecedented Progress by the supporters of the new year's work has brought embarrassment to lawyers all over the country. They have been caught unprepared to present their cases.

Clarence Penzer, a private in the Thirtieth regiment, Brooklyn, who was inducted into the army five weeks ago, died from the ailment according to admission of the Board of Health.

The Statement of Dr. C. N. Boswell that the Methodist church had need of a new building was presented, was received with enthusiastic applause at the New York conference of the Methodist church.

Dr. George Kamitsch, one of the six teachers sent by the German government annually to teach German in American schools, was presented, was received with enthusiastic applause at the New York conference of the Methodist church.

A Fund of About \$250,000 which will yield annually an income of \$5,000 to the University of Missouri has just been released through the final settlement of the estate of Charles R. Gregory.

The New York Police yesterday arrested Alvin Karpis, a German-born, distributing without a license handbills among a large crowd gathered in Printing House square, to hear the proposition of the Industrial Workers of the World.

From Sources Closely Identified with the principals it was learned yesterday that all negotiations for the acquisition of stock control of Missouri Pacific and other Gould railroad holdings by the Rockefeller interests have been abandoned, temporarily, at least.

Boston to Have a Reserve Bank

WILL SERVE FOR NEW ENGLAND DISTRICT.

A MEMBERSHIP OF 446

New England to Be Known as District No. 1—The Country Divided Up Into 12 Regional Reserve Districts.

Washington, April 2.—After three months of consideration the reserve bank organization committee tonight announced that it has divided the continental United States into 12 regional banking districts and selected twelve cities where federal reserve banks are to be located under the new currency law. This was the first decisive step toward the establishment of the new system.

The cities and districts follow:
District No. 1, Boston—Reserve bank will have capital of \$9,921,740, with 446 national banks as members. Territory included, New England states.

District No. 2, New York—Capital \$20,887,515, with 478 national and several state banks. Territory, state of New York.

District No. 3, Philadelphia—Capital \$12,993,013, including 800 national banks and several state banks. Territory, New Jersey and Delaware and all Pennsylvania east of western boundary of the following counties: McKean, Elk, Clearfield, Cambria and Bedford.

District No. 4, Cleveland—Capital \$11,521,555, with 224 national and several state banks. Territory, state of Ohio, all Pennsylvania lying west of District No. 3; the counties of Marshall, Erie, Crawford, Adams, Lawrence, Warren, Venango and Erie, and the western boundary of the following counties: Boone, Grant, Scott, Adams, Harrison, Crawford, Lincoln, Putnam and McCreary.

District No. 5, Richmond—Capital \$6,543,251, with 475 national banks and number of state banks and trust companies. Territory, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, and all West Virginia except those counties in District No. 4.

District No. 6, Atlanta—Capital \$4,702,750, with 372 national banks, etc. Territory, Alabama, Georgia, Florida, all Tennessee, Nebraska, Colorado, Kansas, Oklahoma, Missouri, Iowa, Wisconsin north of the following counties: Vernon, Santa, Columbia, Dodge, Washington, and DeKalb.

District No. 7, Chicago—Capital \$13,151,225, with 594 national banks, etc. Territory, Iowa, all Wisconsin south of the northern boundary of the following counties: Vernon, Santa, Columbia, Dodge, Washington, and DeKalb.

District No. 8, St. Louis—Capital \$6,216,322, with 434 national banks, etc. Territory, Arkansas, all Missouri east of the western boundary of the following counties: Harrison, Dade, Caldwell, Bay, Lafayette, Johnson, Henry, St. Clair, Dade, Lawrence and Barry; all Illinois not included in District 7; all Indiana not included in District 7; all Kentucky not in District 4; and all Mississippi not in District 6.

District No. 9, Minneapolis—Capital \$4,762,864, with 687 national banks, etc. Territory, Montana, North Dakota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Kansas, Oklahoma, Missouri, Iowa, Wisconsin north of the following counties: Vernon, Santa, Columbia, Dodge, Washington, and DeKalb.

District No. 10, Kansas City—Capital \$5,844,916, with 855 national banks, etc. Territory, Kansas, Nebraska, Colorado, Kansas, Oklahoma, Missouri, Iowa, Wisconsin north of the following counties: Vernon, Santa, Columbia, Dodge, Washington, and DeKalb.

District No. 11, Dallas—Capital \$4,944,091, with 726 national banks, etc. Territory, Texas, all New Mexico and Oklahoma.

District No. 12, San Francisco—Capital \$8,524,254, with 615 national banks, etc. Territory, California, Washington, Oregon, Idaho, Nevada and Utah, and all Arizona not included in District No. 7.

The organization committee was not authorized by law to provide for branch banks of the federal reserve banks, but the act of Congress provides that such banks shall be established. This task will be left to the supervision of the federal reserve board, yet to be appointed by President Wilson.

The organization committee announced that all information it has collected since it began its work last December shall be placed at the disposal of the banks and the board when the establishment of branch banks is considered.

350TH ANNIVERSARY OF SHAKESPEARE'S BIRTH.
Men Who Served 50 Year Ago to Plan Celebration.

New York, April 2.—Three men who served on a committee which arranged the celebration held in this city in 1864 in commemoration of the 300th anniversary of William Shakespeare's birth, were appointed by Mayor John Furroy Moore yesterday to serve on a similar committee to take charge of similar exercises on April 23, the 350th anniversary. Levi P. Morton, former vice president of the United States, Henry Clives, banker, and Henry Holt, author and publisher, served on the committee half a century ago.

Appointed to act with them in arranging the celebration this month are twenty-two men who are descendants of other members of the 1864 committee. These appointees include Theodore Roosevelt, former Mayor George B. McClellan, Cabot Ward, William Brewster, and others.

The celebration of the 350th anniversary of Shakespeare's birth, which was celebrated in this city in 1864, was one of the most successful of the city's history.

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